## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

- (2) Goats—(i) Amount. 3 grams per 100 lb. body weight.
- (ii) Indications for use. Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (Trichostrongylus spp., Haemonchus spp., Ostertagia spp., Cooperia spp., Nematodirus spp., Bunostomum spp., Strongyloides spp., Chabertia spp., and Oesophagostomum spp.).
- (iii) Limitations. 3 grams per 100 lb. body weight at a single dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.
- (3) Sheep and goats—(i) Amount. 2 grams per 100 lb. body weight.
- (ii) Indications for use. Control of inof fections gastrointestinal roundworms (Trichostrongylus spp., Haemonchus Ostertagia spp., spp., Nematodirus Cooperia spp.;spp., Bunostomum spp., Strongyloides Chabertia spp., and Oesophagostomum spp.); also active against ova and larvae passed by sheep from 3 hours to 3 days after the feed is consumed (good activity against ova and larvae of T. colubriformis and axei, Ostertagia spp., Nematodirus spp., Strongyloides spp.; less effective against those of Haemonchus contortus and Oesophagostomum spp.).
- (iii) Limitations. Use 2 grams per 100 lb. body weight at a single dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.
- (4) For swine—(i) Amount. 45.4–908 grams per ton (0.005–0.1 percent).
- (ii) *Indications for use*. Aid in the prevention of infections of large roundworms (genus *Ascaris*).
- (iii) Limitations. Administer continuously feed containing 0.05–0.1 percent thiabendazole per ton for 2 weeks followed by feed containing 0.005–0.02 percent thiabendazole per ton for 8–14 weeks; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter.
- (5) Pheasants—(i) Amount. 454 grams per ton (0.05 percent) continuously for 2 weeks (14 days).

- (ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of gapeworms (*Syngamus trachea*) in pheasants.
- (iii) Limitations. Do not use treated pheasants for food for 21 days after last day of treatment. Fertility, hatchability, and other reproductive data are not available on use in breeding animals.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 47 FR 49641, Nov. 2, 1982; 49 FR 29958, July 25, 1984; 51 FR 7400, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987; 62 FR 63271, Nov. 28, 1997]

## §558.618 Tilmicosin.

- (a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: 90.7 grams of tilmicosin (as tilmicosin phosphate) per pound (200 grams per kilogram) to 000986 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) *Special considerations*. Do not use in any feed containing bentonite.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.735 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used in swine feed as follows:
- (1) Amount per ton. 181 grams to 363 grams tilmicosin.
- (2) Indications for use. For the control of swine respiratory disease associated with Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae and Pasteurella multocida.
- (3) Limitations. For use in swine feed only. The safety of tilmicosin has not been established in pregnant swine or swine intended for breeding purposes. Do not allow horses or other equine access to feeds containing tilmicosin. Feed continuously as the sole ration for 21-day period, beginning approximately 7 days before an expected disease outbreak. Withdraw 7 days before slaughter. Federal law restricts this drug to use under the professional supervision of a licensed veterinarian. Any animal feed bearing or containing this drug shall be fed to animals only by or upon a lawful veterinary feed directive (VFD) issued by a licensed veterinarian in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice. VFD's for tilmicosin phosphate shall not be refilled.

[61 FR 68148, Dec. 27, 1996; 62 FR 15391, Apr. 1, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 13679, Mar. 22, 1999; 65 FR 76930, Dec. 8, 2000]